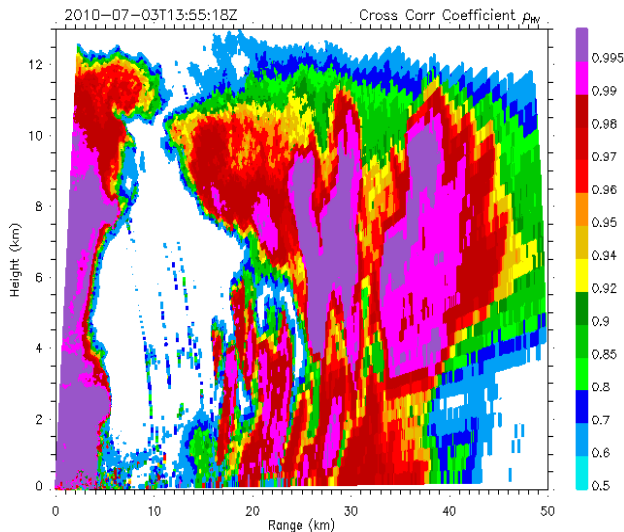


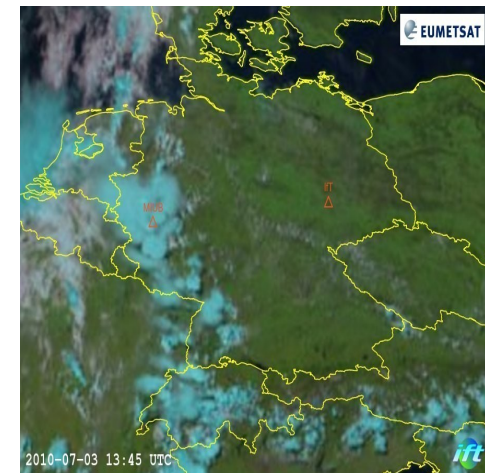
Contribution to DWD's Hans Ertel Research Centre (HErZ): Object-based analysis and seamless prediction(OASE)

Silke Trömel¹, Kathrin Wapler², **Hartwig Deneke**³, et al.

Meteorological Institute of the University of Bonn, Germany
German Weather Service (DWD), Offenbach, Germany
Leibniz Institute for Tropospheric Research, Leipzig, Germany



Hans Ertel (1904 - 1971)



The Hans Ertel Research Centre

- ➔ Goal: establish a network of internationally visible research centres at German universities and research institutions working on topics of relevance for DWD
- ➔ Call for contributions in 5 topic areas, (up to 3x) 4 years funding:
 - ➔ TB1: Atmospheric Dynamics and Predictability/High Impact Weather Events
 - ➔ TB2: Data Assimilation
 - ➔ TB3: Model Development
 - ➔ TB4: Climate Monitoring and Reanalysis
 - ➔ TB5: Optimal Use of Meteorological Information for Society
- ➔ Call for proposals in spring 2010, planned start in Jan 2011 (start of TB1: Oct. 2011), evaluation prior to end of first period in Dec. 2014

Object-based Analysis and SEamless prediction

- ➔ Goal: object-based analysis of high-impact weather events
 - ➔ High temporal and spatial resolution 3D dual observations /products composite containing:
 - ➔ Polarimetric rain radar (Uni Bonn/Jülich, later DWD network)
 - ➔ SEVIRI geostationary satellite products at 5min resolution (RSS, IfT)
 - ➔ DWD lightning network data (DWD)
 - ➔ Development of 3D tracking algorithm for object-based analysis
 - ➔ Statistical and model-based ensemble generation and prediction
-
- ➔ Seamless prediction of convective events from nowcasting to daily predictions
 - ➔ Better understanding, characterization and quantification of process structure and life cycles of severe weather events

The OASE Research Team

Project leads:

Silke Trömel (MIUB), Kathrin Wapler (DWD)

Scientists:

Malte Diederich, Jürgen Simon (MIUB)
Ákos Horváth, Fabian Senf (IfT)
Vacancy from 2013 onwards (MIUB)

Radar technicians (MIUB):

Martin Lennefer, Kai Mühlbauer

Advisors:

Clemens Simmer (MIUB)
Hartwig Deneke (IfT)

High-resolution dual 3D observation-(micro-)physics composite covering German RADOLAN area

Observables:

- 3D radar reflectivities and polarimetric moments
- Doppler Velocities
- Satellite reflectances and brightness temperatures
- Lightning location/intensities

Inversion



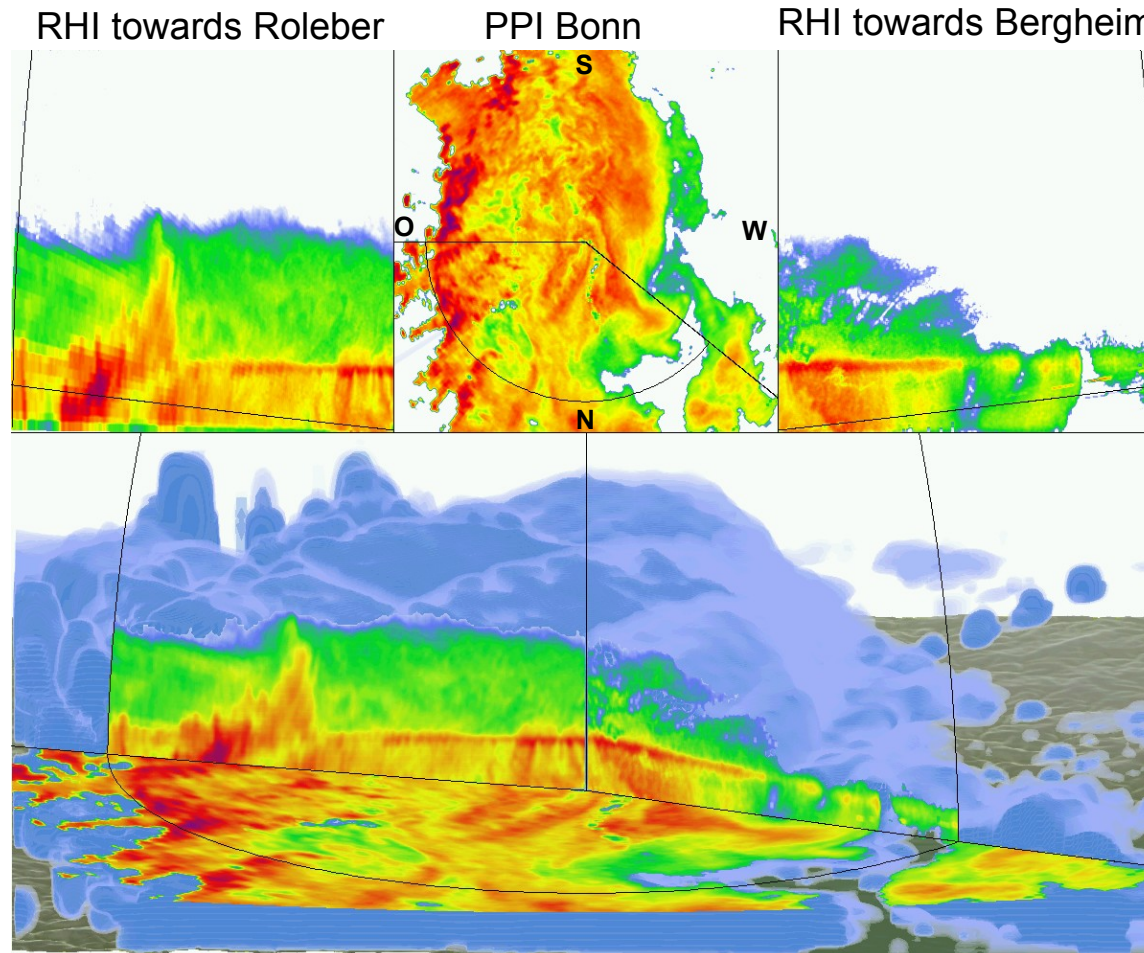
Forward operators

Retrieved physical quantities:

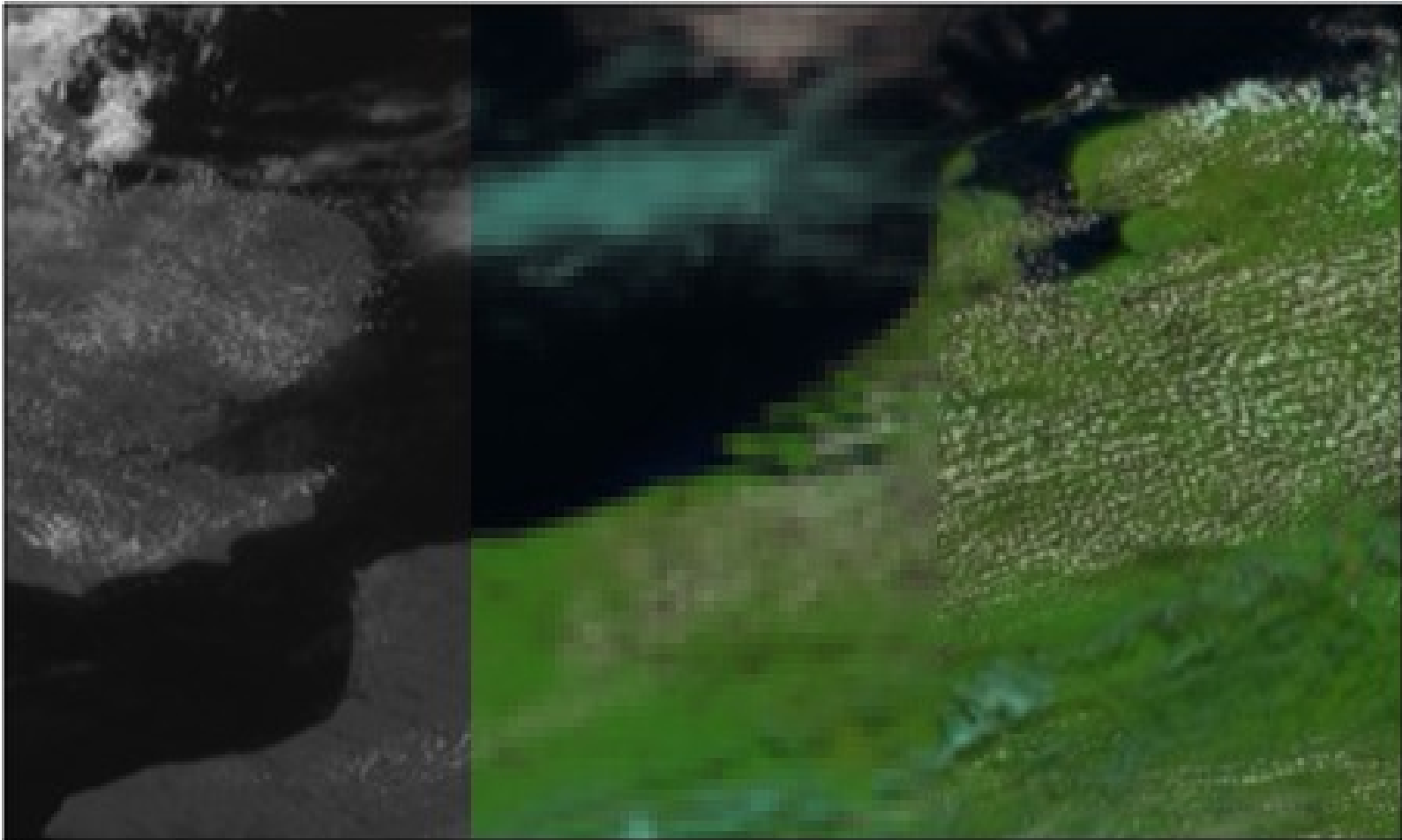
- MSG products from NWC-SAF and CM-SAF:
 - cloud top temperature
 - optical depth, -effective radius
 - AMVs, -convective rain rate, ...
- Radar-derived rain rate, hydro-meteor classification, ...

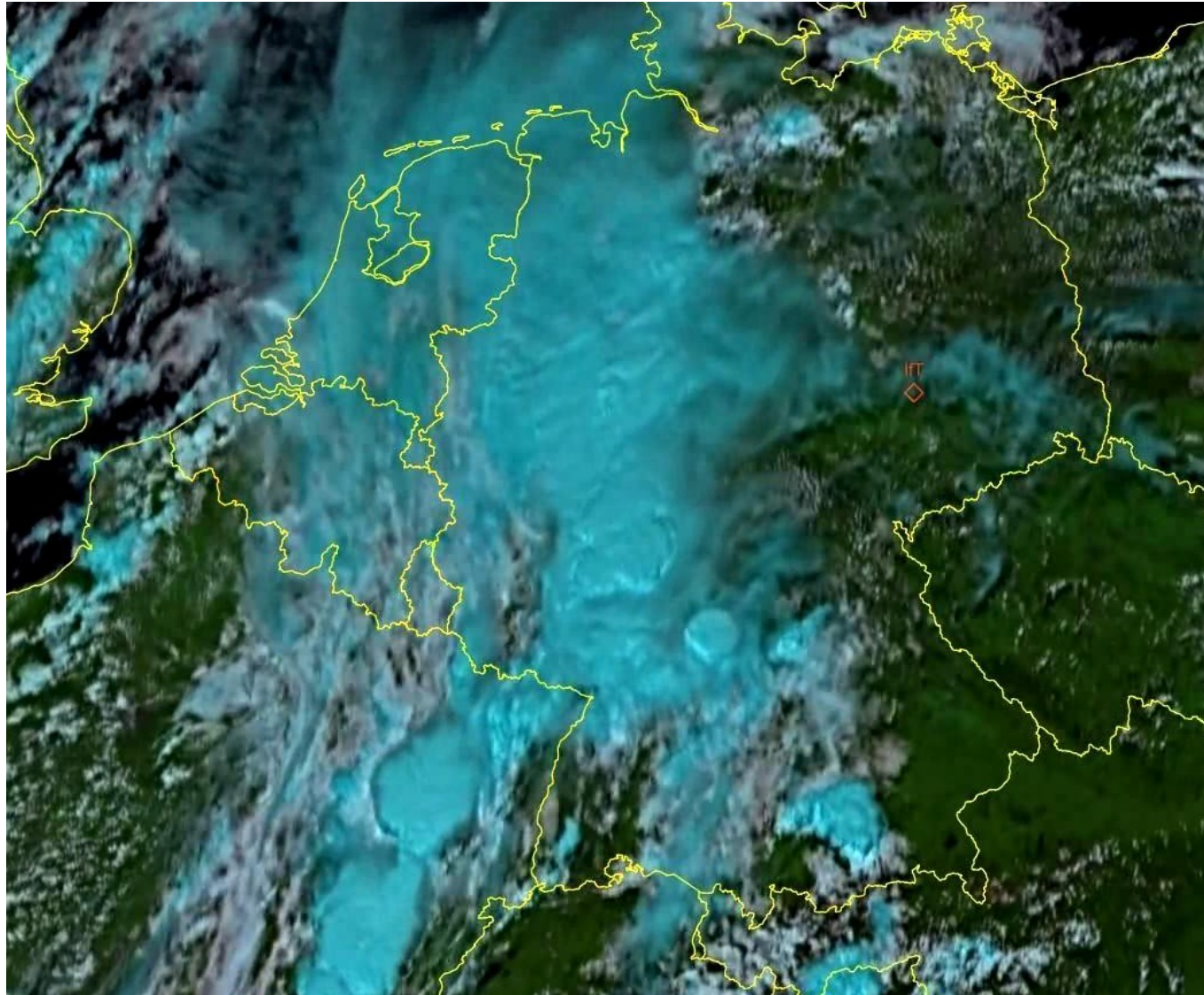
- common data format (CF-compliant netcdf)
- common projection/grid
- basis for tracking, object-based analysis, forecast

Radar Composite based on XPOL-Radars at Bonn and Jülich



Merged High-Frequency HRV/Natural Color RGB





Current research focus

- ➔ Case studies, 6.6.2011, 22.6.2011
- ➔ Development/prototyping of Composite and Tracking
- ➔ Analysis of life-cycle of convective cells based on Konrad-Tracks (planned: summer 2011)

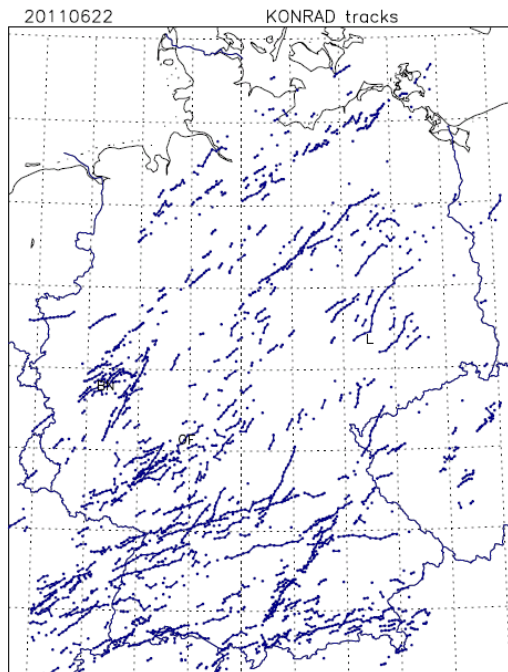


Figure: Konrad tracks on 22.06.2011

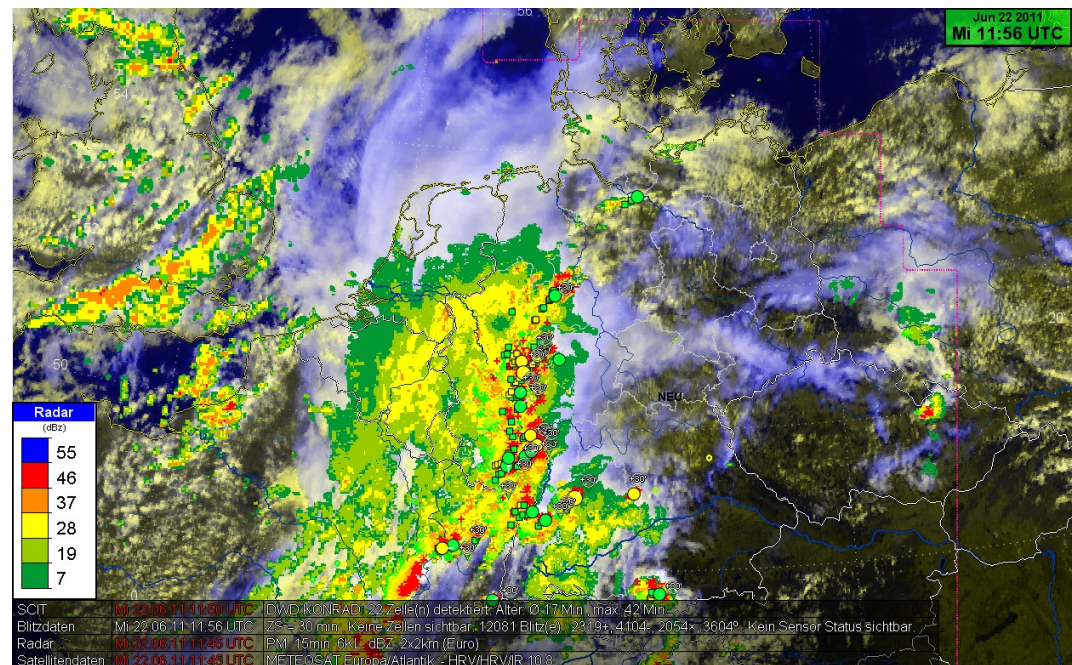


Figure: Konrad cells, lightning, PM-radar product, Meteosat HRV for 22.06.2011, 11:56 UTC